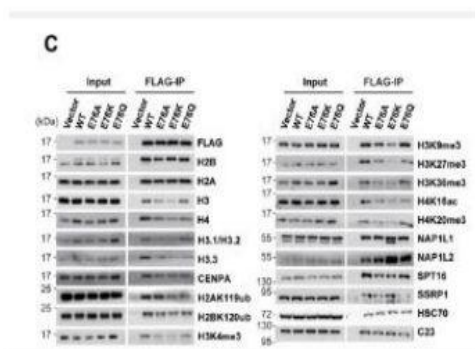


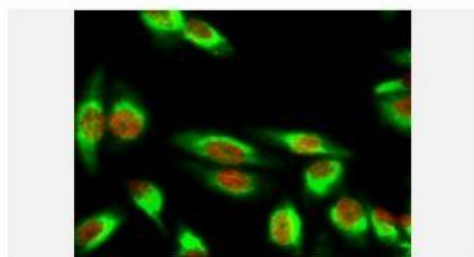
Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No.	IPB0219
Reactivity	Human; Mouse; Rat
Applications	WB; IHC-p; IF/ICC
Dilution	WB: 1:500-2000 IHC-p: 1:100-1:200 IF: 1:50-1:200
Gene Name	HIST1H4A:HIST1H4B:HIST1H4C:HIST1H4D:HIST1H4E:HIST1H4F:HIST1H4H:HIST1H4I:
Protein Name	Histone H4
Human Gene Id	121504:554313:8294:8359:8360:8361:8362:8363:8364:8365:8366:8367:8368:8370
Swiss-Prot	P62805
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 05% BSA and 002% sodium azide
Source	Rabbit
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Storage&Stability	-20°C/1 year
Subcellular Location	Nucleus Chromosome
MW	11367
Background	Histones are basic nuclear proteins that are responsible for the nucleosome structure of the chromatin. The histones (H2A, H2B, H3, and H4) form an octamer, around which approximately 146 bp of DNA is wrapped. H1, interacts with linker DNA between nucleosomes and functions in the compaction of chromatin. H4 is a replication-dependent histone that is a member of the histone H4 family. Transcripts from this gene are found in the histone microcluster on chromosome 6p2133.

Products Images:



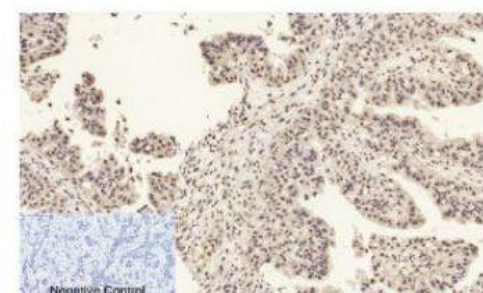
Kang, Tze Zhen Evangeline, et al. "The elevated transcription of ADAM19 by the oncohistone H2BE76K contributes to oncogenic properties in breast cancer." *Journal of Biological Chemistry* 296 (2021).



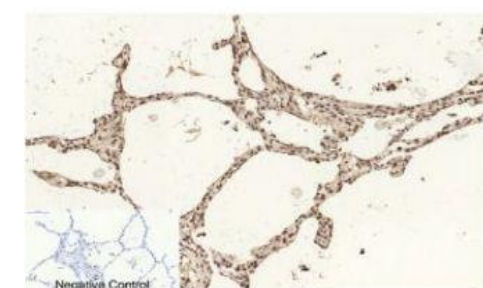
Immunofluorescence analysis of HeLa cell. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight). α -tubulin Monoclonal Antibody (8F11) (green) was diluted at 1:200 (4° overnight). 2, Goat Anti Rabbit Alexa Fluor 594 Catalog: RS3611 was diluted at 1:1000 (room temperature, 50min). Goat Anti Mouse Alexa Fluor 488 Catalog: RS3208 was diluted at 1:1000 (room temperature, 50min).



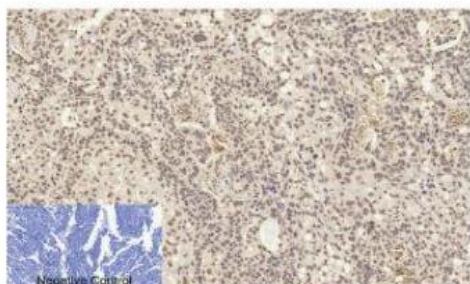
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-breast tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



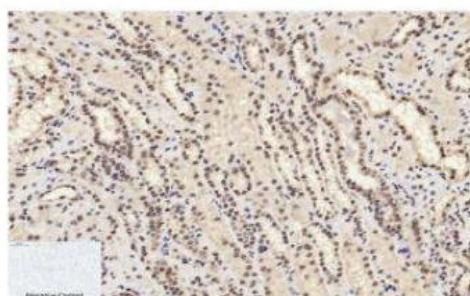
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-liver-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



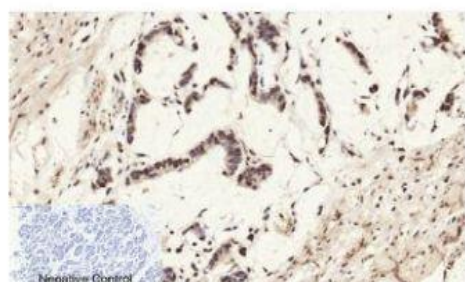
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



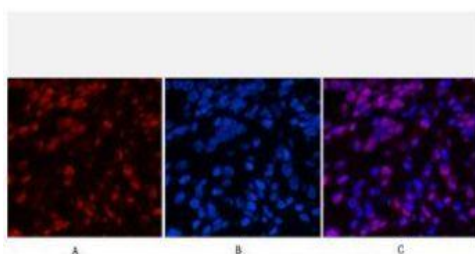
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-lung-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



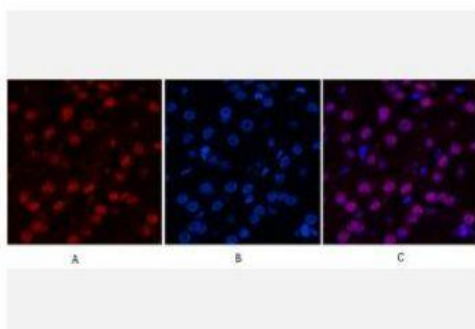
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-kidney-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



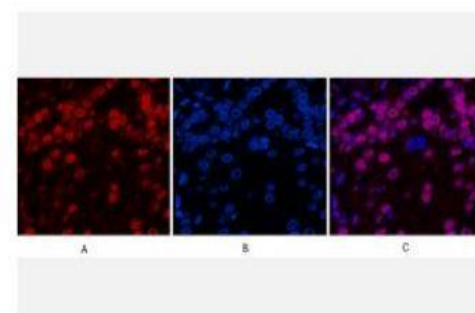
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human-stomach-cancer tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Sodium citrate pH 6.0 was used for antibody retrieval (>98°C, 20min). 3, Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:200 (room temperature, 30min). Negative control was used by secondary antibody only.



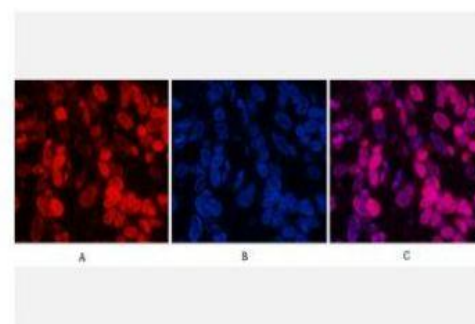
Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-kidney tissue. 1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



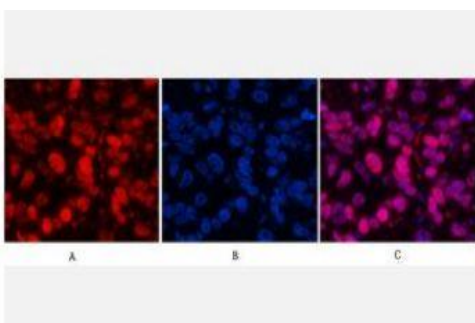
Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-kidney tissue.
1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-kidney tissue.
1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung-cancer tissue.
1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B



Immunofluorescence analysis of Human-lung-cancer tissue.
1, Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys16) Polyclonal Antibody (red) was diluted at 1:200 (4°C, overnight). 2, Cy3 labeled Secondary antibody was diluted at 1:300 (room temperature, 50min). 3, Picture B: DAPI (blue) 10min. Picture A: Target. Picture B: DAPI. Picture C: merge of A+B